Advances in Calibration of QPF/PQPF for the NCEP Global Ensemble Forecast System

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Acknowledgements:

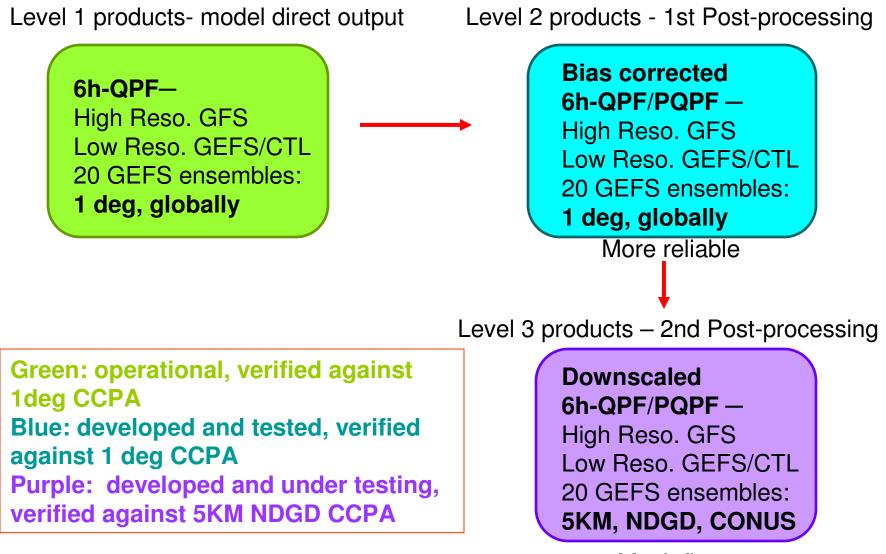
Bo Cui, Dingchen Hou, Steve Lord, Julie Demargne and John Schaake

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Objective

 Develop and enhance bias-correction and downscaling techniques that apply to the NCEP ensemble precipitation forecasts to gain more reliable and much finer resolution products.

NCEP GFS/GEFS precipitation forecast products



Much finer

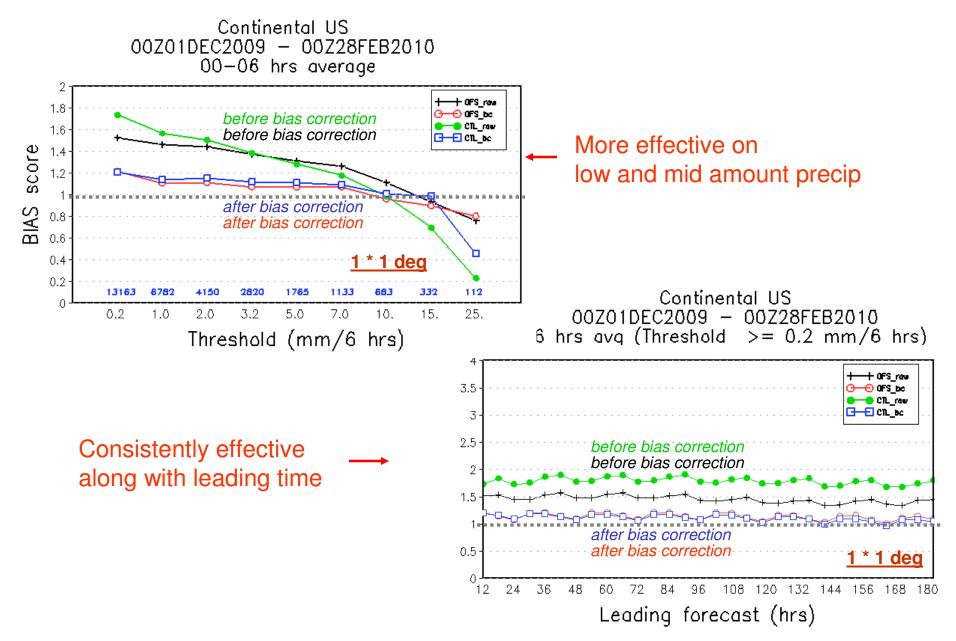
Current capabilities in calibration of QPF/PQPF for NCEP GFS/GEFS ensembles

- 1. Bias correction for NCEP operational ensemble precipitation forecasts at higher temporal and spatial resolution
- An upgrade from May 2004 implementation (2.5*2.5 deg, daily)
- Frequency match algorithm
- Construct Cumulative Frequency Distribution for each RFC (or previously over CONUS)
- Select 9 thresholds: 0.2, 1, 2, 3.2, 5, 7, 10, 15, 25 mm/6hrs
- Use decaying weight = 0.02 (50 days decaying)
- CCPA used as best analysis (truth)
- Bias corrected at 1 degree model output grid, globally
- 4 cycles per day, 6-hr accumulation
- Every 6 hours, out to 384 hours
- GFS, GEFS 20+1 members

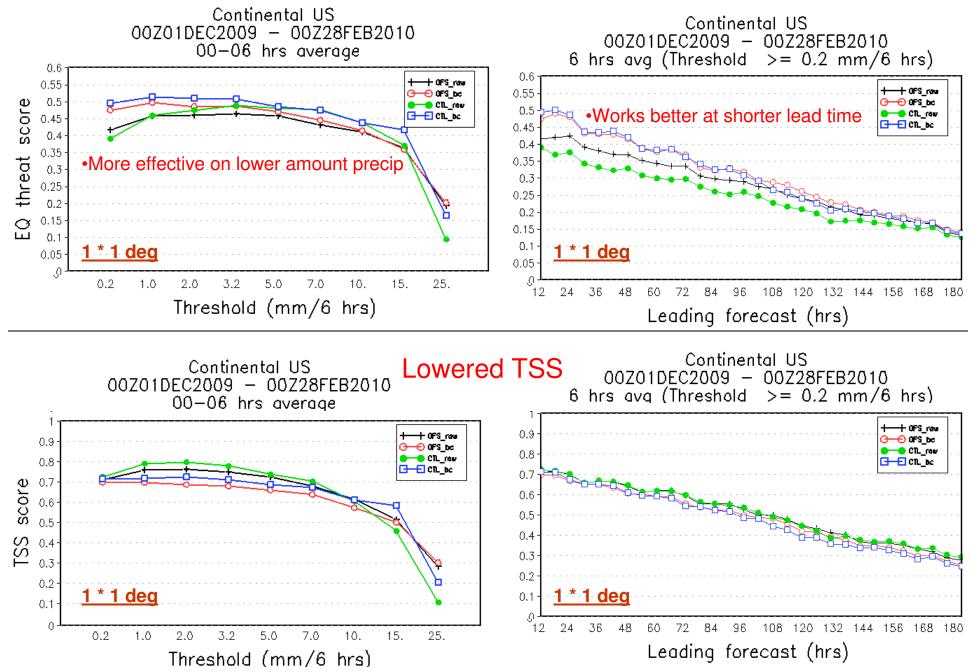
Current capabilities in calibration of QPF/PQPF for NCEP GFS/GEFS ensembles (cont'd)

- 2. Statistical downscaling bias corrected precipitation forecast to 5KM
- Use first 6 hours bias corrected forecast (at 1degree) as model analysis and interpolate to 5KM NDGD grid
- Use CCPA at 5KM NDGD grid as a proxy truth
- Generate downscaling vector by calculating above two CDFs for each RFC using high decaying weight = 0.1 (10 days decaying)
- Interpolate 1 degree bias corrected forecast to 5KM NDGD grid
- Apply downscaling vectors through frequency matching the forecast CDF to true CDF
- Produce downscaled GFS, GEFS 20+1 QPF/PQPF on 5km NDGD grid over CONUS
- Every 6 hours out to 384 hours
- 00Z cycle (one vector only, later totally four vectors)

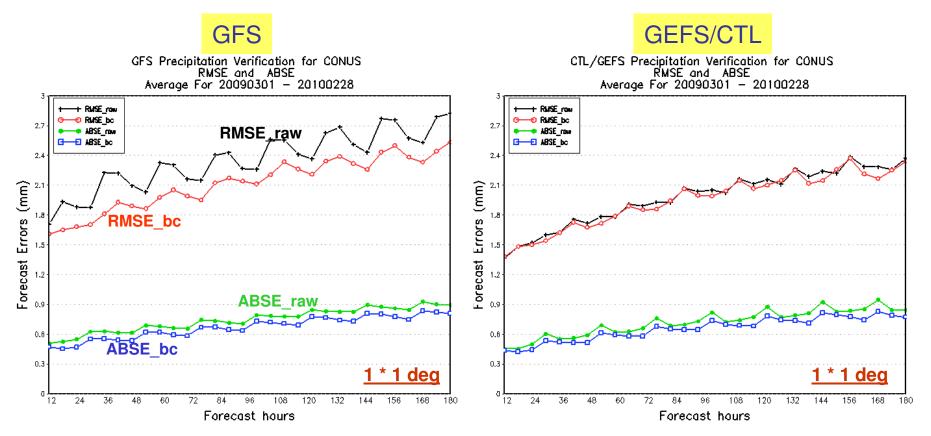
Significantly reduced bias



Mostly improved ETS



Reduced RMSE and ABSE for GFS and GEFS/CTL



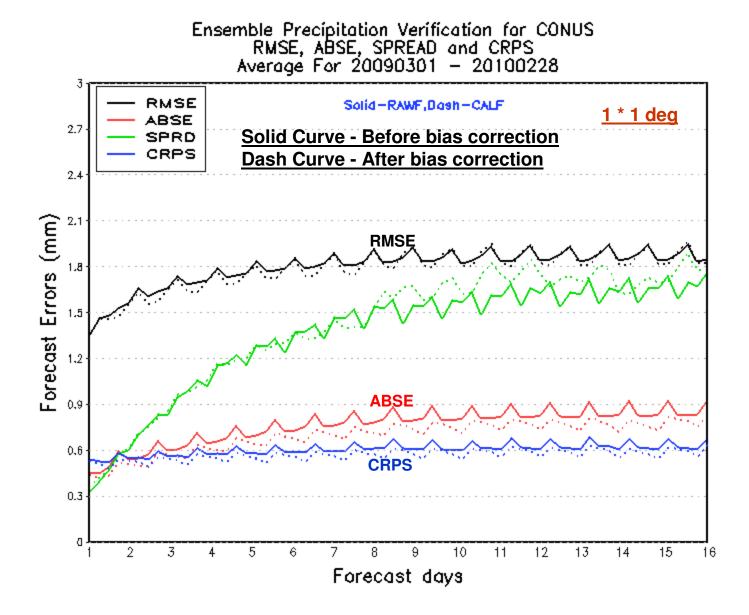
RMSE:

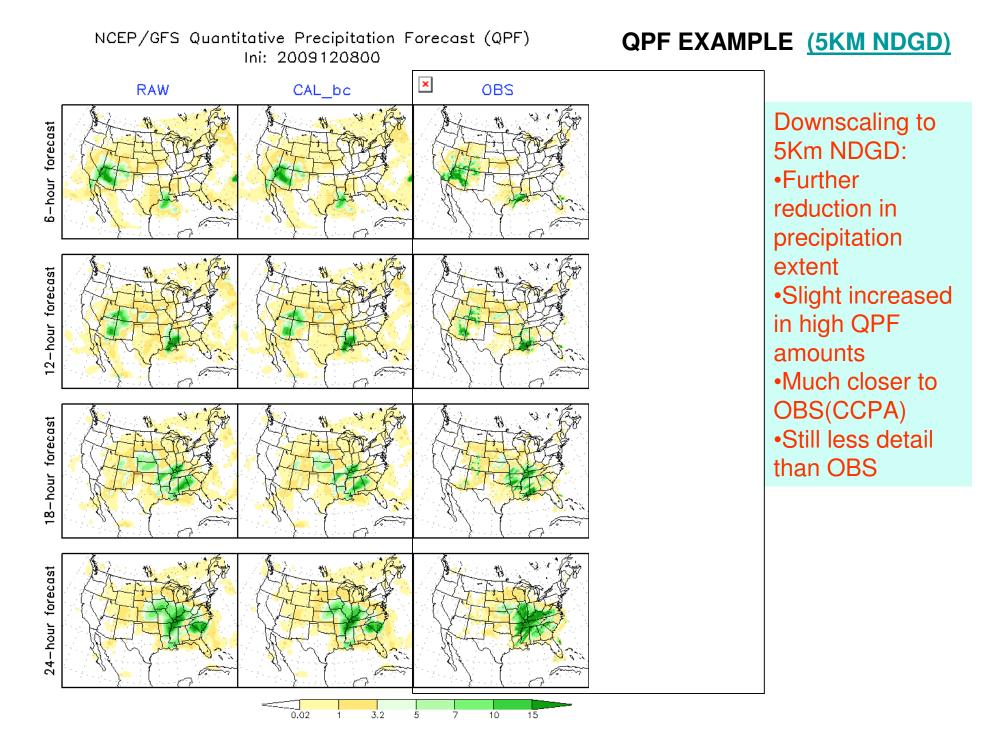
- •Significantly smaller RMSE in GFS
- •Marginally smaller RMSE in GEFS/CTL

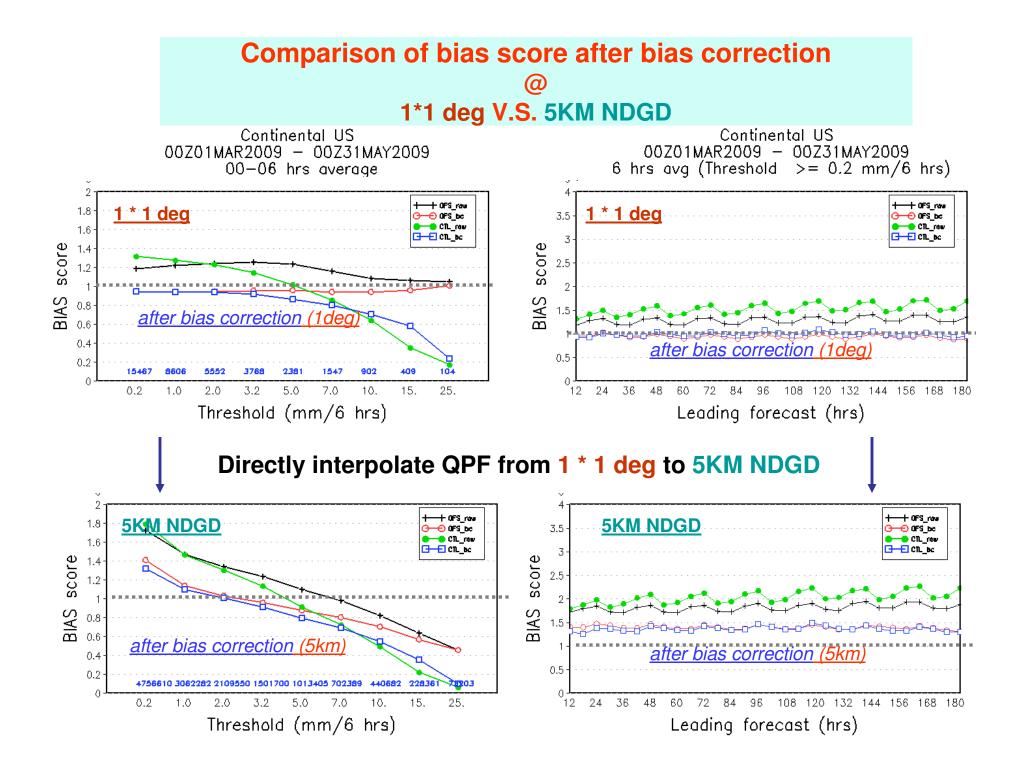
ABSE:

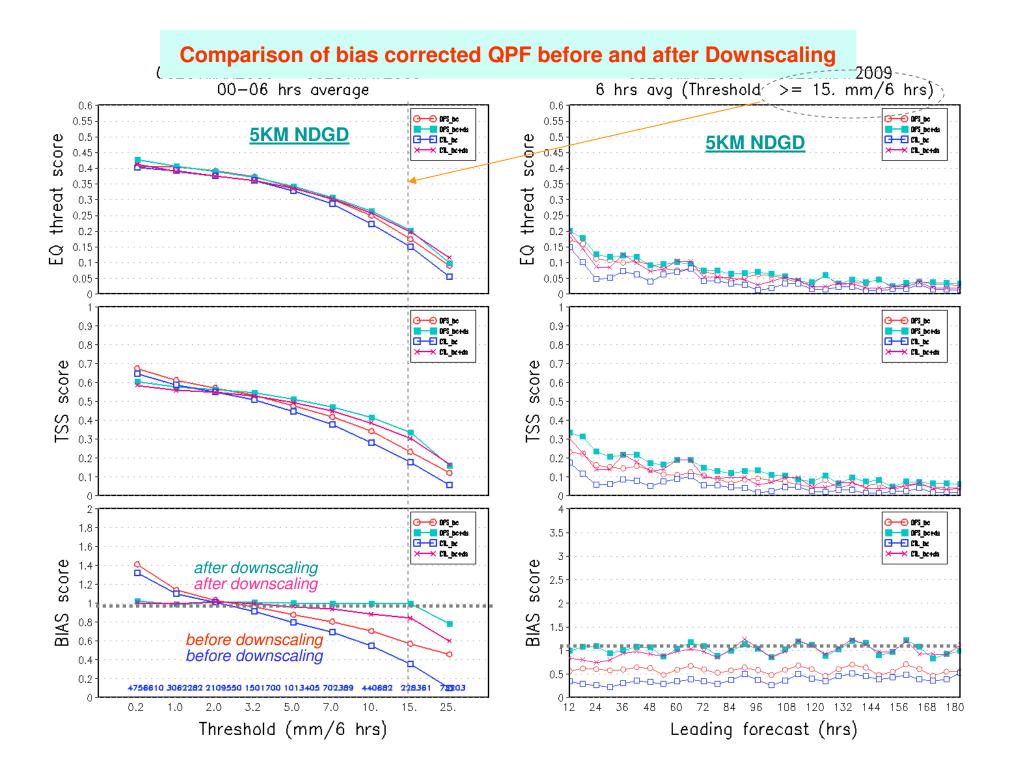
•Both smaller than raw FCSTs.

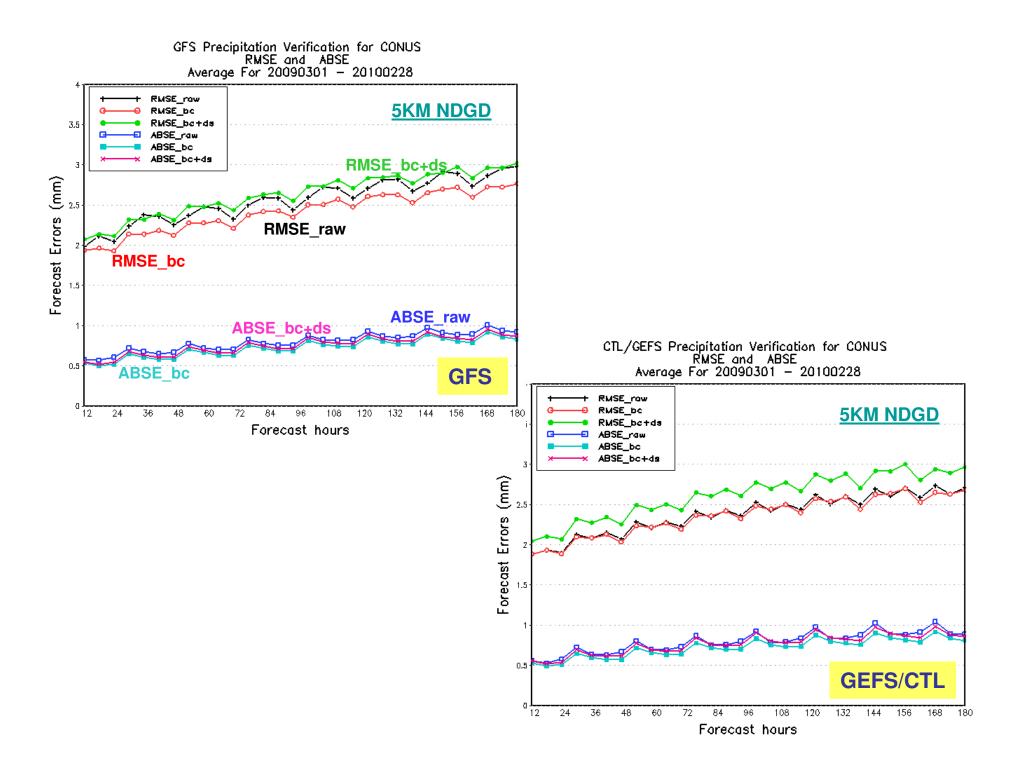
Improved RMSE, ABSE and CRPS for GEFS ensembles











Summary

- Frequency match algorithm is an effective way to remove model bias
- 1-deg bias-corrected forecasts
 - Much reduced bias.
 - Improved skill scores for ETS, reduced RMSE, ABSE and CRPS
 - Work well for low amount precipitation
- 5km NDGD downscaled forecasts
 - Much reduced bias.
 - Improved skill scores for ETS and TSS for high amount precipitation
- Remaining issues
 - 1 deg bias correction lowers TSS scores
 - Downscaling introduces additional errors, the random errors into the RMSE

Future Plans

- Refine the bias correction and downscaling techniques.
- Introduce "pseudo precipitation" by collaborating with DTC Ensemble Testbed.