GFS (T126L28) experiments for different horizontal diffusions

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Yuejian Zhu

Environmental Modeling Center NOAA/NWS/NCEP

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Motivations

- To try to answer questions.
 - Why T190 is much better than T126?
 - Is it really resolution affecting (only)?
 - Both deterministic and ensemble
- To find out GFS horizontal diffusion set up as:
 - T62 2nd order
 - T126 4th order
 - T170 and beyond 8th order
- Simply play around the diffusion setting up
 - T126L28 4th order (default operation)
 - T126L28 6th order (experiment)
 - T126L28 8th order (experiment)

Old statement for diffusion set up

The major reason (historical) for incorporating horizontal diffusion in the spectral model is to control small scale noise caused by:

- 1. The spectral truncation at a finite wave number, which prohibits nonlinear energy cascade toward the smaller scales (wave blocking), and
- 2. The creation of small scale gravity waves by the parameterization of physical processes.
- 2nd and 4th order horizontal diffusions have strong scale dependence, which mainly dumping all the small scales in order to control the noise without affecting large scale of motion.

From basic equations (e.g. vorticity)

$$\frac{\partial \eta}{\partial t} = \dots + F_{\eta H}$$

$$F_{\eta H} = K_n \Big(\nabla^n \eta + \dots \Big)$$

n is the order

T126 for 4th and 8th orders

(May and November 2007)



T126 for 4^{th,} 6th and 8th orders

(December 2007)

















Conclusions

- Overall, 8th order horizontal diffusion is much better than current 4th order for T126 resolution, because:
 - There is much improved global analysis with fine resolution for past years
 - Small scale information is not noise anymore
 - Allow interaction between all scales, especially for global ensemble system
- Plan to use 8th order horizontal diffusion for GEFS T126 resolution
 - T190 (8th order: 0-180hrs), then T126 (8th order: 180hrs-384hrs)